# Air Quality and Housing Price: An Empirical Analysis in Beijing

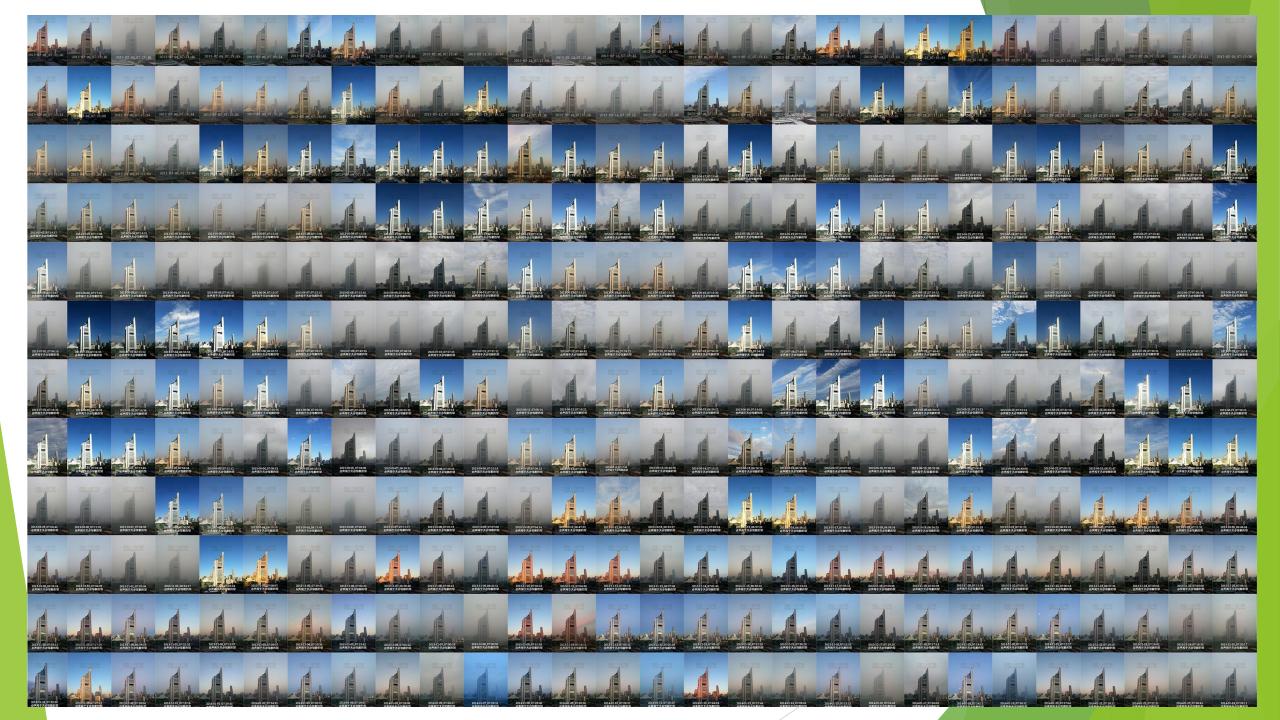
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#### Background

Air quality and housing price have been investigated for a long time

Since Ridker and Henning (1967)



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Air quality and housing price have been investigated for a long time

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- Air pollution is negatively associated with housing prices
- Several methodological issues remain to be addressed

#### **Research Focus**

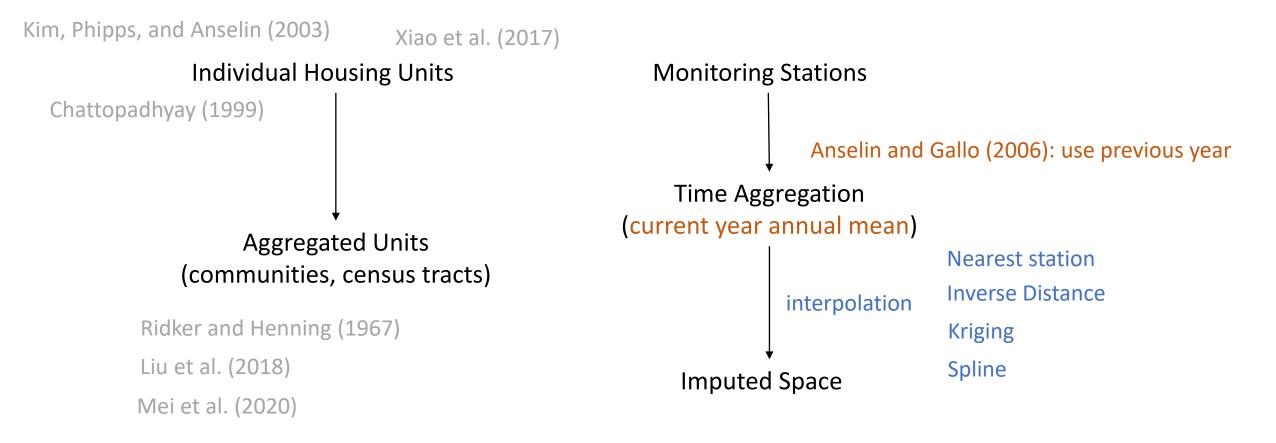
▶ How to include an air quality variable to hedonic house price models?

- Measure of pollution: a few monitor stations in a region
- ► Home sales: spatially distributed across the whole region

# Matching Housing Price and Air Quality

#### Housing Data

#### **Air Quality**



# Considerable differences between interpolators (Anselin and Gallo, 2006)

Model	Thiessen	IDW	Kriging	Spline
OLS	\$3,028	\$4,889	\$6,468	\$4,925
	(\$2,699-3,357)	(\$4,519-5,241)	(\$6,127-6,808)	(\$4,592-5,258)
	1.26%	2.04%	2.70%	2.06%
	(1.13 - 1.40%)	(1.89 - 2.19%)	(2.56 - 2.84%)	(1.92 - 2.20%)
Lag-IVR	\$4,087	\$6,031	\$7,444	\$5,899
	(\$3,609-4,566)	(\$5,496-6,567)	(\$6,920-7,969)	(\$5,394-6,404)
	1.71%	2.52%	3.11%	2.46%
	(1.51 - 1.91%)	(2.29 - 2.74%)	(2.89 - 3.33%)	(2.25 - 2.67%)

Table 7. Analytical marginal willingness to pay, by interpolator<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Uniform 1 ppb O<sub>3</sub> improvement, assuming average house price. Two standard error bounds are given in parentheses.

#### **Data Source**



## **Housing Data**

Lianjia.com

- The largest resale home agency in Beijing
- 557,998 resale home transactions 2014-2018

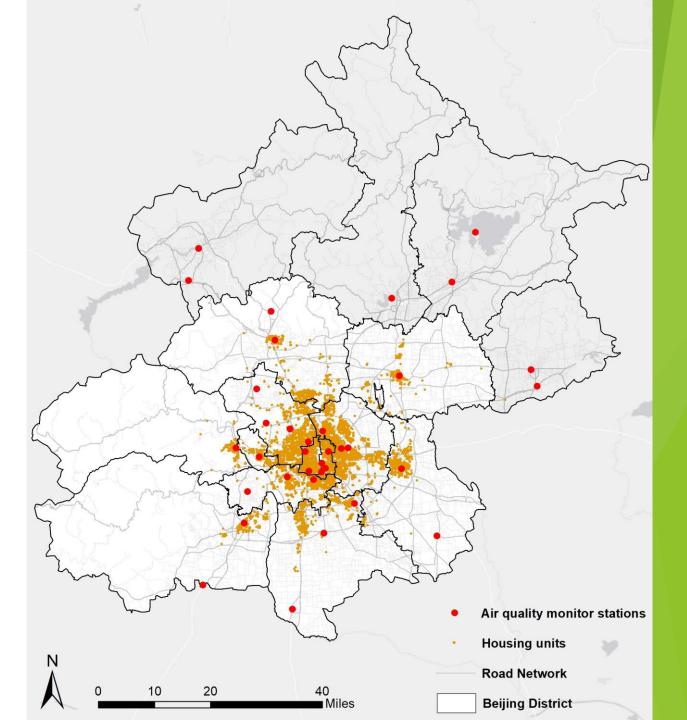


# Air Quality Data

PM 2.5

- Beijing Municipal Environmental and Monitoring Center (BJMEMC)
- 35 in-situ monitoring stations from December 5th, 2013, to December 31st, 2018

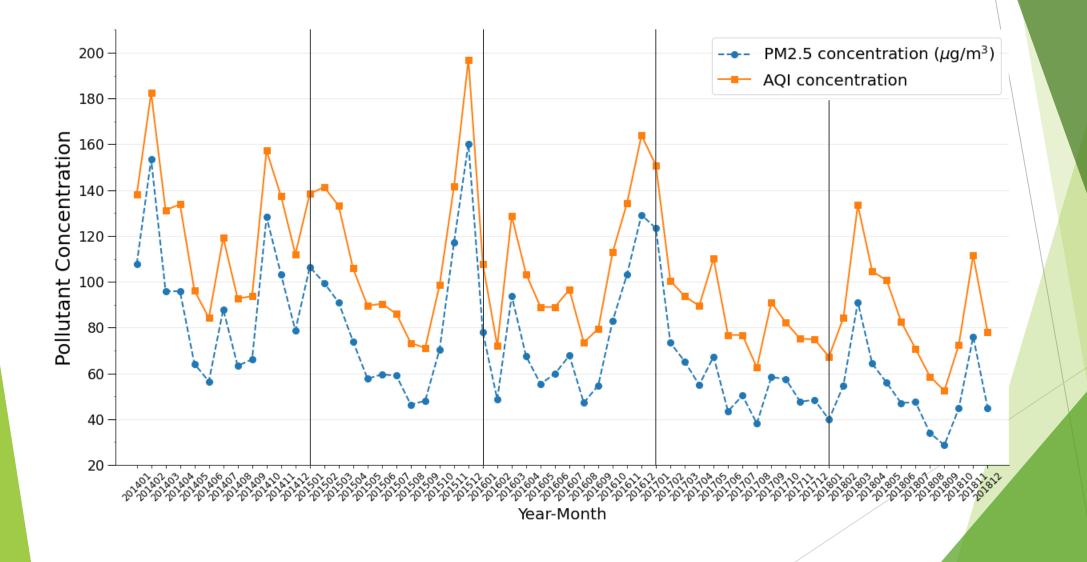
#### Resale Home Sample & Monitoring Station



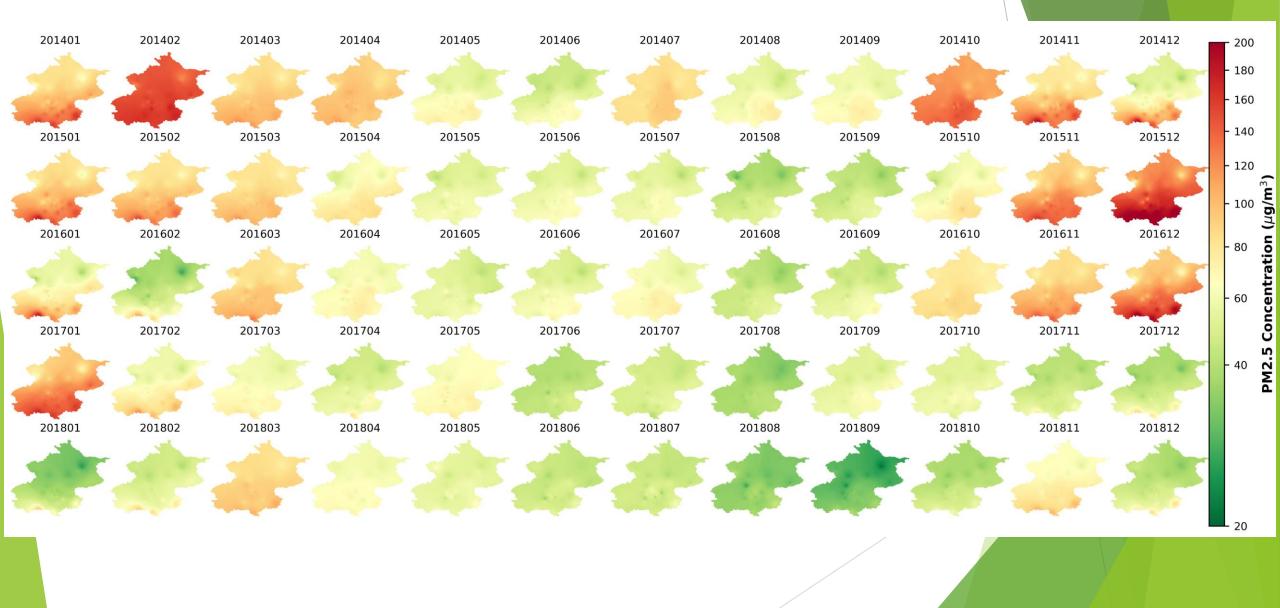
Fine particles (diameter<2.5 mm)</p>

More hazardous than larger particles (2.5 mm< diameter<10 mm, PM10) in terms of mortality, cardiovascular and respiratory endpoints, and PM2.5 is considered to be the best indicator of the level of health (Freeman et al., 2019)

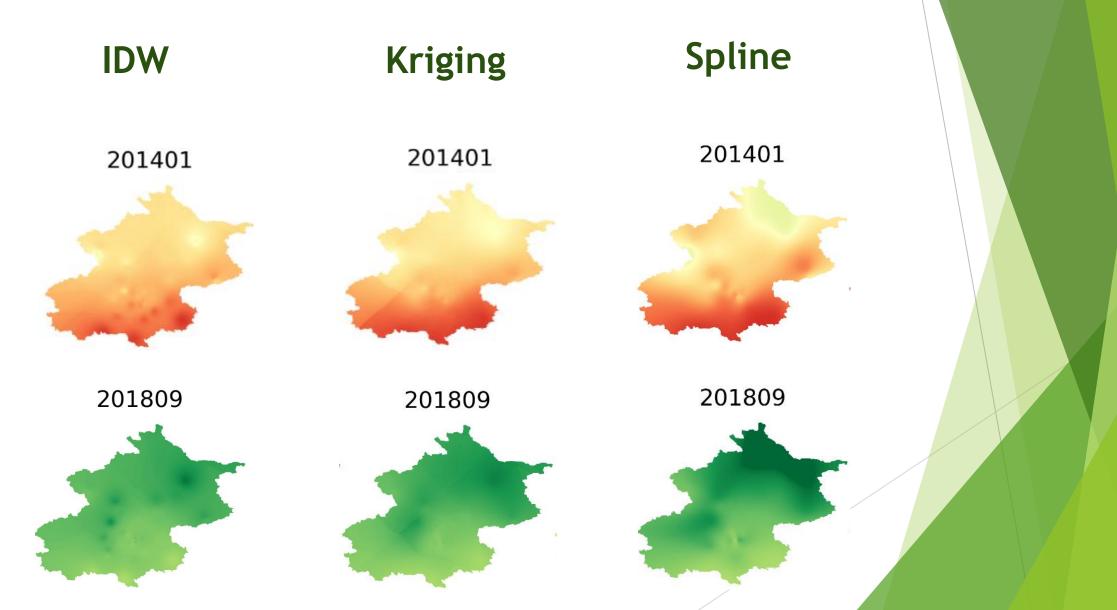
## PM2.5 and AQI (2014-2018)



#### **Spatial Interpolation**



#### Difference in Spatial Interpolation Methods



#### Model Specification

 $ln(P) = \beta_0$ 

+ $\beta_1 Air Quality$	PM2.5 with different specifications
+ $\beta_2$ Housing Attribute	bedroom, living room, bathroom, floor area, floor level, facing, total number of floor, year built, elevator; distance to subway, school level, hospital, distance to CBD, distance to park
$+\beta_3$ Time FE	month, year, month * year

 $+ \beta_4$  District FE

#### Estimation Results (PM2.5/100)

Days	Nearest Station (NN)			Kriging			Spline			Dist_Nearest Station	Dist_IDW	Dist_Kriging	Dist_Spline	
		$1000 \mathrm{m}$	2000m	3000m	$1000 \mathrm{m}$	2000m	3000m	$1000 \mathrm{m}$	2000m	3000m	(NN)			
0	-0.001	-0.000	-0.000	-0.000	-0.001	-0.001	-0.001	-0.001	-0.001	-0.001	0.002***	0.002***	0.003***	0.003***
	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)
3	-0.004***	-0.003**	-0.002**	-0.002**	-0.004***	-0.004***	-0.004***	-0.004**	-0.004**	-0.004**	$0.001^{*}$	0.002***	0.002**	0.002**
	(0.002)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.001)
10	-0.024***	-0.021***	-0.021***	-0.021***	-0.025***	-0.025***	-0.024***	-0.024***	-0.024***	-0.024***	-0.007***	-0.007***	-0.007***	-0.006***
	(0.005)	(0.003)	(0.003)	(0.003)	(0.004)	(0.004)	(0.004)	(0.005)	(0.005)	(0.005)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)
15	-0.033***	-0.030***	-0.029***	-0.029***	-0.035***	-0.035***	-0.034***	-0.033***	-0.033***	-0.033***	-0.007***	-0.007***	-0.006***	-0.005**
	(0.007)	(0.005)	(0.005)	(0.005)	(0.006)	(0.006)	(0.006)	(0.008)	(0.008)	(0.008)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.002)
30	-0.058*** (0.017)	-0.055*** (0.012)	-0.055*** (0.012)	-0.054*** (0.012)	-0.068*** (0.014)	-0.068*** (0.014)	-0.066*** (0.014)	-0.059*** (0.019)	-0.059*** (0.018)	-0.060*** (0.018)	0.007 (0.005)	0.011** (0.005)	$   \begin{array}{c}     0.009 \\     (0.005)   \end{array} $	$0.011^{\bullet\bullet}$ (0.005)
60	-0.140***	-0.163***	-0.163***	-0.162***	-0.178***	-0.177***	-0.175***	-0.143***	-0.144***	-0.147***	-0.011	-0.011	-0.009	-0.003
	(0.031)	(0.026)	(0.026)	(0.026)	(0.030)	(0.030)	(0.030)	(0.035)	(0.035)	(0.035)	(0.010)	(0.010)	(0.009)	(0.009)
90	-0.222****	-0.301***	-0.303***	-0.303***	-0.305***	-0.304***	-0.302***	-0.229***	-0.233***	-0.238***	-0.033***	-0.039***	-0.029**	-0.019
	(0.044)	(0.043)	(0.043)	(0.043)	(0.047)	(0.047)	(0.047)	(0.051)	(0.051)	(0.051)	(0.014)	(0.015)	(0.013)	(0.013)
180	-0.349***	-0.509***	-0.513***	-0.517***	-0.522***	-0.521***	-0.519***	-0.364***	-0.372***	-0.385***	-0.061***	-0.051*	-0.042*	-0.027*
	(0.069)	(0.076)	(0.076)	(0.077)	(0.081)	(0.081)	(0.081)	(0.080)	(0.081)	(0.082)	(0.027)	(0.030)	(0.025)	(0.023)
270	-0.477***	-0.727***	-0.735***	$-0.744^{***}$	$-0.761^{***}$	$-0.760^{***}$	$-0.758^{***}$	-0.509***	-0.522***	-0.543***	-0.129***	-0.118***	-0.102***	-0.079**
	(0.088)	(0.102)	(0.103)	(0.104)	(0.110)	(0.110)	(0.110)	(0.103)	(0.104)	(0.106)	(0.040)	(0.042)	(0.037)	(0.033)
360	-0.551***	-0.861***	-0.871***	-0.882***	-0.915***	-0.914***	-0.912***	-0.598***	$-0.614^{***}$	-0.641***	-0.149***	-0.114**	-0.105**	-0.083**
	(0.102)	(0.123)	(0.124)	(0.127)	(0.133)	(0.133)	(0.134)	(0.122)	(0.124)	(0.126)	(0.050)	(0.050)	(0.046)	(0.041)
District FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
ear $\times$ Month FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

\*The dependent variable is the housing price per square meter, \*Standard errors clustered at the Jiedao level in parentheses.

\* p < 0.05,\*\* p < 0.01,\*\*\* p < 0.001

#### **Individual Housing Units**

		IDW		(	Kriging	)		Spline			
	Prior-360-Day	Current-Year	Previous-Year	Prior-360-Day	Current-Year	Previous-Year	Prior-360-Day	Current-Year	Previous-Year		
Air Quality	-0.0086*** (0.0012)	-0.0083*** (0.0015)	-0.0103*** (0.0017)	-0.0091*** (0.0012)	-0.0074*** (0.0015)	-0.0090*** (0.0017)	-0.0060*** (0.0012)	-0.0044*** (0.0010)	-0.0056*** (0.0012)		
Observations	498318	557998	493935	498318	557998	493935	498318	557998	493935		
$R^2$	0.788	0.790	0.790	0.790	0.790	0.791	0.787	0.788	0.788		
Adjusted $\mathbb{R}^2$	0.788	0.790	0.790	0.790	0.790	0.791	0.787	0.788	0.788		
AIC	-182398	-201406	-185343	-186189	-202998	-187271	-181328	-196252	-180895		
BIC	-182164	-201170	-185110	-185956	-202763	-187038	-181095	-196016	-180662		
District FE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes		
$V_{\rm ear} \times M_{\rm onth} FE$	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes Yes	ei et al (20			

\*The dependent variable is the housing price per square meter, \*Standard errors clustered at the Jiedao level in parentheses. \* p < 0.05, \*\* p < 0.01, \*\*\* p < 0.001

#### Mei et al (2020)

Unit price (/m2) increase by 0.8% -1.2% for 1µg/m3 decrease of annual PM2.5 value

#### IDW Kriging Spline Prior-360-Day Previous-Year Prior-360-Day Prior-360-Day Current-Year Current-Year Previous-Year Current-Year Previous-Year Air Quality -0.0023\*\*\* -0.0073\*\*\* -0.0076\*\*\* -0.0027\*\*\* $-0.0072^{***}$ -0.0072\*\*\* -0.0021\*\*\* $-0.0041^{***}$ $-0.0045^{***}$ (0.0004)(0.0011)(0.0012)(0.0005)(0.0011)(0.0012)(0.0005)(0.0009)(0.0010)Observations 2571627904 23754257162790423754257162790423754 $\mathbb{R}^2$ 0.8330.8320.8350.8340.8330.8360.8330.8310.833Adjusted $R^2$ 0.8330.8320.8340.8340.8330.8360.8330.8310.833AIC -14689-13827-14787-13979-14717-15721-13656-15935-16151BIC-14559-15803-13698-14657-13850-14587-15589-16019-13527District FE Yes Year $\times$ Month FE Yes Yes

Aggregated Communities (XiaoQu)

\*The dependent variable is the housing price per square meter, \*Standard errors clustered at the Jiedao level in parentheses.

\* p < 0.05, \*\* p < 0.01, \*\*\* p < 0.001

#### Conclusion

- The relationship between air quality and housing price is sensitive to the choice of spatial interpolation methods, the aggregation strategy, the time for air quality
- Unit price (/m<sup>2</sup>) increase by 0.72% for 1µg/m<sup>3</sup> decrease of annual PM2.5 value

# Thank you very much!

Any questions or comments are welcome!

#### Chen and Chen (2017)

Unit price (/m2) increase by 46 yuan/m2 (or \$6.6/m2) for 1µg/m3 decrease in annual PM2.5 value.

#### Freeman (2019)

The median household is willingness to pay \$21.70 for 1µg/m3 decrease in annual PM2.5 concentration

Mei et al (2020) Unit price (/m2) increase by 0.8% -1.2% for 1µg/m3 decrease of annual PM2.5 value

**Qin et al (2019)** Unit price (/m2) increase by 0.18%(OLS) or 0.32% (2SLS) for 100µg/m3 increaseof PM2.5 value on transaction day.